

- · CLIA Complexity: Waived
- A Certificate of Waiver is required to perform this test in a CLIA waived setting.
- Failure to follow the instructions or modifications to the test instructions will result in the test no longer meeting the requirements for waived classification.

INTENDED USE

The Preview® Strep A Test Kit is a chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of Strep A antigen from throat swab specimens of symptomatic patients to aid in the diagnosis of Group A Streptococcal Infection. All negative test results should be confirmed by bacterial culture because negative results do not preclude Group A Strep infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment. The test is intended for use in physician's offices, hospitals, and clinical laboratories.

It is intended for prescription use. For in vitro diagnostic use.

SUMMARY

Beta-hemolytic group A streptococcus is a common cause of upper respiratory infection in humans, most commonly resulting in pharyngitis. The highest rate of infection is found in children. The infection can lead to serious complications including rheumatic fever and acute glomerulonephritis. Rapid diagnosis and appropriate antibiotic therapy appear to be the best means of preventing these complications. The traditional means of detecting group A streptococcal infection involves 24-48 hour culture of throat swab specimens or other exudates, confirming beta-hemolysis, and showing susceptibility to bacitracin. Accurate rapid diagnosis aids physicians in administering the correct therapy. The Preview® Strep A Test Kit only needs 12 minutes to get the result after collecting the specimen.

PRINCIPLE

The Preview® Strep A Test Kit utilizes double antibodies sandwich immunoassay for the detection of Group A Streptococcal antigen. The test strip has been pre-coated with rabbit anti- Strep A antibody on the test region and goat anti-rabbit antibody on the control region. When the strip is immersed into the specimen, the specimen is absorbed into the strip by capillary action, mixes with the antibody-dye conjugate, and flows across the pre-coated membrane.

When the group A streptococcal antigen level in the specimens is at or above the target cutoff (the detection limit of the test), the antigen binds to the antibody-dye conjugate and is captured by rabbit anti- Strep A antibody immobilized in the test region of the strip. This produces the colored band and indicates the positive result.

When the group A streptococcal antigen levels are zero or below the target cut off, there is no visible colored band in the test region of the strip. This indicates the negative result.

To serve as a procedure control, a colored line will appear at the control region if the test has been performed properly.

PRECAUTIONS

- 1. This kit is for in vitro diagnostic use only. Do not swallow.
- 2. Do not interchange contents of different lot of kits.
- 3. Do not interchange caps of reagents.
- 4. Do not interchange caps of control solution bottles.
- 5. Do not use the test kit beyond the expiration date.
- 6. Do not use the test kit if the pouch is punctured or not well sealed.
- 7. Discard after use. The test kit cannot be used more than once.
- 8. The extraction tube and swab are for single use. Do not re-use.
- Reagent A and B are caustic. Avoid contact with eyes, sensitive mucous membranes, cuts, and abrasions etc. If these reagents come in contact with the skin or eyes, flush with a large volume of water.
- 10. The control solutions contain sodium azide, which, on contact with lead or copper plumbing, may react to form explosive metal azides. Use the large volume of water to flush reagents on disposal.
- 11. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where the specimens and kits are handled.
- 12. All specimens should be treated as potentially infectious diseases specimens. Protection glove should be worn when handling the specimen. Wash hands thoroughly afterwards.
- 13. DISPOSAL OF THE DIAGNOSTIC: The used strip, swab and extraction tube have infectious risk. The process of disposing the diagnostic must follow the local infectious disposal law or laboratory rule.

MATERIAL

Material Provided

Each Preview® Strep A Test Kit contains enough reagents and materials for 25 tests.

- 1. 25 Individual test strips in the sealed pouches, each containing:
- 1 Test Strip
- 1 Desiccant Pouch
- 2. 25 Disposable Extraction Tubes.
- 3. 25 Throat Swabs.
- Extraction Reagent A (7mL): 2.0 M sodium nitrite solution. (Warning: R25 Toxic if swallowed).
- 5. Extraction Reagent B (7mL): 0.4 M acetic acid solution.
- 6. Standard Controls
- Positive Control (1mL): Extracted (non-infective) group A streptococcus antigen in phosphate buffer containing 0.1% NaN3. (Warning: R22 Harmful if swallowed).
- Negative Control (1mL): Phosphate buffer containing 0.1% NaN3. (Warning: R22 Harmful if swallowed).
- 7. 1 Procedure Card.
- 8. 1 Package Insert.

Material Required But Not Provided

Timer

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- 1. Store at $39^{\circ}F\sim86^{\circ}F$ ($4^{\circ}C\sim30^{\circ}C$) in the sealed pouch up to the expiration date.
- 2. Keep away from sunlight, moisture and heat.
- 3. DO NOT FREEZE.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Throat swab specimens should be collected by health care professionals only.

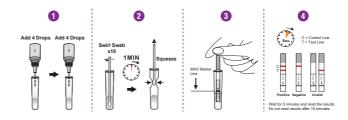
- Collect the throat swab specimen with the throat swab that is provided in the kit. Transport swabs containing modified Stuart's or Amies medium can also be used with this product.
 Swab the posterior pharynx, tonsils and other inflamed areas. Avoid touching the tongue, cheeks and teeth with the swab.
- 2. Testing should ideally be performed immediately after the specimens have been collected. Swab specimens may be stored at room temperature for up to four hours prior to testing. Note: A second swab may be collected for bacterial culture. Culture should only be conducted by laboratories that are appropriately certified and in accordance with established procedures and practices.

Procedure: If a single swab is collected, culture may be performed first by lightly rolling the swab tip onto a Group A selective (GAS) blood agar plate before using the swab for the Preview® Strep A Test Kit.

TEST PROCEDURE

Allow the test strip and extraction reagents to equilibrate to room temperature 10° C $\sim 30^{\circ}$ C $(50^{\circ}$ F $\sim 86^{\circ}$ F) prior to testing.

- 1. Hold the Reagent A bottle upright and add 4 full drops (approximately 200 µL) to an extraction test tube. Hold the Reagent B bottle upright and add 4 full drops (approximately 200 µL) to the tube. Tap the bottom of the tube gently to mix the liquid.
- 2. Place the specimen throat swab into the tube. Swirl the swab for 10 times. Leave the swab in the tube for 1 minute. Then remove the swab while squeezing the swab tip against the inside of the extraction tube as remove it to expunge as much liquid as possible from the swab. Discard the swab.
- Mix contents of the tube by gently swirling. The extraction specimen must be tested immediately.
- Remove the test strip from the sealed foil pouch by tearing at the notch. Immerse the strip into the extraction tube with the arrow pointing towards the specimen.
- **IMPORTANT:** Do not allow the specimen level to exceed the MAX Marker Line, otherwise the test will not perform correctly.
- Take the strip out after at least 5 seconds and lay the strip flat on a clean, dry, non-absorbent surface.
- 4. Wait for 5 minutes and read the results by laying the strip flat on a clean, dry, nonabsorbent surface. Some positive results may be seen earlier. Do not read results after 10 minutes.



INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Positive (+)

Colored bands are visible in both the control region and the test region. It indicates the positive result for Strep A antigen.

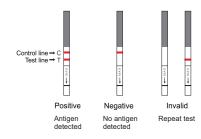
Negative (-)

A colored band is visible only in the control region. No color band appears in the test region. It indicates that the concentration of strep A antigen in specimen tested is zero or below the

detection limit of the test

Invalid

No visible band at all, or there is a visible band only in the test region but not in the control region. Repeat with a new test strip. If test still fails, please contact the distributor for technical assistance.



Note: There is no meaning attributed to line color, intensity, or width.

QUALITY CONTROL

Internal Procedural Control

There is an internal procedural control line built in the strip. The appearance of this control band verifies that the test strip is intact and that the sufficient volume of specimen has migrated to the test reaction area. The internal control does not ensure that the strip is working correctly with patient specimen.

External Positive and Negative Controls

Good laboratory practice suggests the use of positive and negative controls to ensure that test reagents are working and the test is correctly performed, including the antigen extraction. The Preview® Strep A Test Kit contains 1 positive control and 1 negative control. Run these controls:

- · with each new test kit opened
- · with each new operator

The positive control will produce the moderate positive result (two bands- one in the test region and the other in the control region) when the test has been performed correctly and the test strip is functioning properly. The negative control will yield the negative result (one band in control region only) when the test has been performed correctly and the test strip is functioning properly.

Procedure for External Quality Control Testing

Allow the strip, extraction reagents and controls to equilibrate to room temperature $50^\circ\text{F} \times 86^\circ\text{F} (10^\circ\text{C} \sim 30^\circ\text{C})$ prior to testing.

- Add 4 drops of extraction reagent A and 4 drops of extraction reagent B respectively into the extraction tube and fully mix.
- After thoroughly mixing the control, add 3 drops of positive or negative control into this tube. Mix contents by gently swirling.
- 3. Continue with step 3 to step 5 of Test Procedure

The use of positive and negative controls from other commercial strep A test kits has not been validated with the Preview® Strep A Test Kit.

LIMITATIONS OF PROCEDURE

- This test is developed for testing throat swab specimen only. The performance of this test using other type of specimens has not been substantiated.
- This test is the qualitative screening assay. It is not designed to determine the quantitative concentration of group A streptococcal antigen in specimen.
- 3. Pharyngitis can be caused by organisms other than group A streptococcus. This test does not provide any further information about pharyngitis other than the possibility of Strep A infection. If clinical signs and symptoms are not consistent with laboratory results, the follow-up throat culture and grouping procedure should be performed.
- 4. The accuracy of the test depends on the quality of the throat swab sample. Avoid touching the tongue, cheeks, and teeth and any bleeding areas of the mouth with the swab when collecting samples.
- 5. The negative result may be obtained due to poor sample collection, or at the onset of the disease due to the low antigen level below the detection limit of the test. If symptoms persist or intensify, re-test with newly collected specimen is recommended.
- As with other diagnostic tests, all results must be interpreted together with other clinical information available to the physician.
- This test detects both viable and non-viable Group A Streptococci and may yield the positive result in the absence of living organisms.
- 8. This test does not differentiate between carriers and infected individuals.
- As recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics, patients with symptoms but the test result is negative should have a follow-up culture test to rule out.
- 10. The use of antibiotics or over-the-counter medications may suppress the growth of Group A Streptococcus in culture despite the presence of organisms detectable by rapid antigen tests.

EXPECTED VALUES

Group A Streptococcus bacteria are responsible for about 19% of all upper respiratory tract infections. Infection is most prevalent in winter and early spring, with most cases arising in patients living in highly populated areas. In the multi-center clinical study conducted in 2011 $\sim\!2012, 28.9\%$ (101/349) of the patients presenting with pharyngitis were found to be culture positive for Strep A.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

The clinical performance of the Preview® Strep A Test Kit was established in a multicenter, prospective clinical study conducted in 2011~2012 at six geographically diverse physician offices, clinics, and emergency departments in the United States. A total of 349 throat swab specimens were evaluated by comparing the Preview® Strep A Test Kit to culture method. Of the 349 total specimens, 248 were found to be negative by culture and 101 were found to be positive by culture.

| Preview® Strep A | Culture Results | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------|-------|--|
| Rapid Test Results | Positive | Negative | Total | |
| Positive | 96 | 4 | 100 | |
| Negative | 5 | 244 | 249 | |
| Total | 101 | 248 | 349 | |

Sensitivity: (96/101) **95.0%** (95% confidence interval: 88.9~97.9%) **Specificity:** (244/248) **98.4%** (95% confidence interval: 95.9% ~ 99.4%)

Cross Reactivity

To confirm the analytical specificity (cross-reactivity) of the Preview® Strep A Test Kit, organisms likely to be found in the respiratory tract, as listed below, were tested at 1 x 10⁸

organisms per test and were all found to be negative when tested with the Preview® Strep A Test Kit.

| Streptococcus Group B | Candida albicans | Neisseria meningitides |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Streptococcus Group C | Corynebacterium | Neisseria mucosa |
| Streptococcus Group F | diphtheriae | Neisseria sicca |
| Streptococcus Group G | Enterococcus faecalis | Neisseria subflava |
| Streptococcus salivarius | Enterococcus faecium | Proteus vulgaris |
| Streptococcus anginosus | Escherichia coli | Pseudomonas aeruginosa |
| Streptococcus mitis | Fusobacterium necropho- | Serratia marcescens |
| Streptococcus mutans | rum | Staphylococcus marcescens |
| Streptococcus oralis | Haemophilus parahaemolyti- | Staphylococcus aureus |
| Streptococcus pneumoniae | cus | Staphylococcus epidermidis |
| Streptococcus sanguis | Haemophilus parainfluenzae | Staphylococcus haemolyticus |
| Arcanobacterium | Haemophilus influenzae | Yersinia enterocolitica |
| haemolyticum | Klebsiella pneumoniae | Lactobacillus sp |
| Bordetella pertussis | Moraxella catarrhalis | (Lactobacillus casei) |
| Branhamella catarrhalis | Moraxella lacunata | Mycobacterium tuberculosis |
| Streptococcus sp. (bovis II) | Neisseria gonorrhoeae | avirulent |
| Group D | Neisseria lactamica | Human metapneumovirus |
| Cytomegalovirus | Enterovirus (VR-28 Human | (HMPV-27 A2) |
| HSV Type 1 (HF) | Coxsackievirus) | Adenovirus Type II |
| Mumps | Adenovirus Type I | Epstein Barr Virus |
| | Human coronavirus OC43 | Human parainfluenza (Types |
| | Measles | 1-4) |
| | Rhinovirus | Respiratory Syncytial virus VR-26 |
| | | VIX-20 |

Analytical Sensitivity

The minimum detection limit of the test is 1.5 x 10^s organisms/mL. This was established by testing inactivated Streptococcus pyogenes with a known number of organisms, ATCC 20159. The organisms were serially diluted and tested by the Preview® Strep A Test Kit.

Reproducibility Study

To investigate the reproducibility of the Preview® Strep A Test Kit, three lots of tests were utilized in this evaluation. This study was conducted two runs per day on 5 different days at three different sites by testing 4 blind samples. The 4 samples consisted of a true negative samples (diluent only), a moderate positive sample (2.3×10⁶ organisms /mL), a cut-off sample (1.5×10⁵ organisms /mL, C₉₅ concentration, approximately positive 95% of the time), and a low negative sample (0.4x10⁵ organisms /mL). Six experienced professional operators who didn't know the sample number code participated in the study, for two operators at each testing site. Each operator tested two runs per day at each concentration sample with three lots of the Preview® Strep A Test Kit. A total of 30 determinations by each operator, at each concentration, were made. There was no significant difference to test results of the Preview® Strep A Test Kit by different users in different sites on different days.

CLIA Waiver Studies

The Preview® Strep A Test Kit was further evaluated during 2014 at four additional geographically diverse clinical sites representative of the CLIA Waived environment. A total of 553 fresh, prospectively-collected specimens were evaluated with 30 intended users in comparison to bacterial culture. There were no invalid results during these trials. Of the 553 total specimens, 401 were found to be negative by culture and 152 were found to be positive by culture. The clinical study results are shown in the table below.

| Preview® Strep A | Culture Results | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----|-------|--|
| Rapid Test Results | Positive Negative | | Total | |
| Positive | 144 | 6 | 150 | |
| Negative | 8 | 395 | 403 | |
| Total | 152 | 401 | 553 | |

Sensitivity: (144/152) 94.7% (95% confidence interval: 90.0~97.3%) Specificity: (395/401) 98.5% (95% confidence interval: 96.8% ~ 99.3%)

A study was conducted to demonstrate that untrained intended users could perform the test consistently and accurately using panels of simulated samples, including one weak positive (C_{95} - a concentration at the assay cutoff) and one weak negative (C_{5} - a concentration just below the assay cutoff). The study was conducted at three sites representative of a CLIA Waived environment by 13 intended use operators. All samples were blinded labeled and randomized prior to even distribution amongst the three sites. Samples at each site were evenly distributed amongst the operators. The results of these studies are summarized in the table below.

| Studies Near the Cut-Off | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Sample Type | % Detection (detected/total) | |
| High Negative (C ₅) | 4.4% (3/68) | |
| Low Positive (C ₉₅) | 97.0% (65/67) | |

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If you encounter technical problems or need technical support, please call us at 1-888-444-3657.

Test kit problems may also be reported to the FDA through the MedWatch medical products reporting program (Phone: 1 - 800 - FDA - 1088; Fax: 1 - 800 - FDA - 0178; http://www.f-da.gov/ medwatch).

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF SUGGESTED READING

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- Lauer BA, Reller LB and Mirrell S. Effect of atmosphere and duration of incubation on primary isolation of group A streptococci from throat cultures. J. Clin. Microb. 17:338-340 (1983).

INDEX OF SYMBOLS

| []i | See instruction for use | 誉 | Keep away from sunlight | † | Keep dry |
|------|------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|----------|--------------|
| IVD | For <i>in vitro</i> diagnostic use | | Expiry date | (2) | Do not reuse |
| 30°C | Store between 4 ~ 30 °C | LOT | Batch number | REF | Catalog # |

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